

# 04. Data Abstraction

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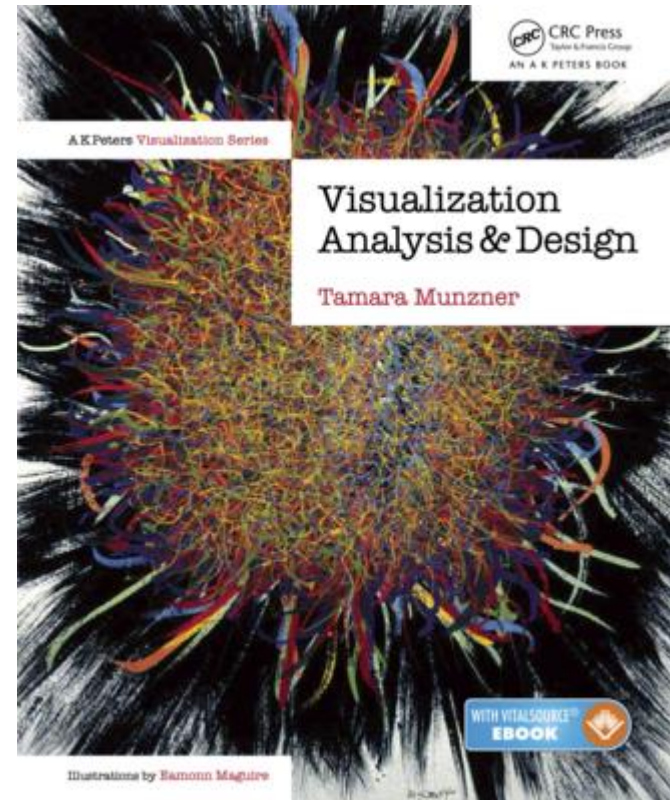
ID 413: Information Graphics and Data Visualization  
Spring 2025

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<http://info-design-lab.github.io/>

# Visualization Analysis & Design

*Tamara Munzner*

*A K Peters Visualization Series  
CRC Press, 2014*



What does data mean?

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14, 2.6, 30, 30, 15, 100001

- What does this sequence of six numbers mean?

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  - food shipment of produce (basil & pear) arrived in satisfactory condition on 7th day of month

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**Basil, 7, S, Pear**

- What about this data?
  - food shipment of produce (basil & pear) arrived in satisfactory condition on 7th day of month
  - lab rat Basil made 7 attempts to find way through south section of maze, these trials used pear as reward food

# Now what?

- semantics: real-world meaning

Amy	8	S	Apple
Basil	7	S	Pear
Clara	9	M	Durian
Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
Ernest	12	L	Peach
Fanny	10	S	Lychee
George	9	M	Orange
Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
Amy	12	M	Orange

# Now what?

- semantics: real-world meaning

Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
Amy	8	S	Apple
Basil	7	S	Pear
Clara	9	M	Durian
Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
Ernest	12	L	Peach
Fanny	10	S	Lychee
George	9	M	Orange
Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
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# Now what?

- semantics: real-world meaning
- data types: structural or mathematical interpretation of data
  - item, link, attribute, position, (grid)
  - different from data types in programming!

Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
Amy	8	S	Apple
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Clara	9	M	Durian
Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
Ernest	12	L	Peach
Fanny	10	S	Lychee
George	9	M	Orange
Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
Amy	12	M	Orange

# Items & Attributes

- item: individual entity, discrete
  - eg patient, car, stock, city
  - "independent variable"

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Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
Amy	12	M	Orange



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George	9	M	Orange
Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
Amy	12	M	Orange

item: person

# Items & Attributes

- item: individual entity, discrete
  - eg patient, car, stock, city
  - "independent variable"
- attribute: property that is measured, observed, logged...
  - eg height, blood pressure for patient
  - eg horsepower, make for car
  - "dependent variable"

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attributes: name, age, shirt size, fave fruit

Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
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George	9	M	Orange
Hector	8	L	Loquat
Ida	10	M	Pear
Amy	12	M	Orange

item: person

## Other data types

- links
  - express relationship between two items
  - eg friendship on facebook, interaction between proteins
- positions
  - spatial data: location in 2D or 3D
  - pixels in photo, voxels in MRI scan, latitude/longitude
- grids
  - sampling strategy for continuous data

# Dataset types

## Tables

Items

Attributes

- flat table

- one item per row

- each column is attribute

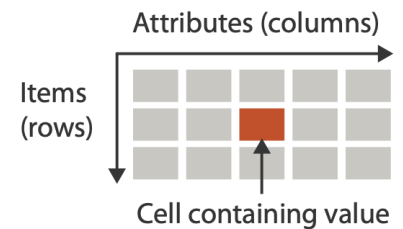
- cell holds value for item-attribute pair

attributes: name, age, shirt size, fave fruit

Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
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item: person

## → Tables



# Dataset types

## Tables

Items

Attributes

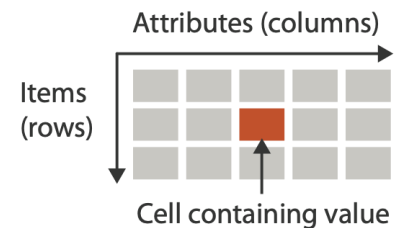
- flat table
  - one item per row
  - each column is attribute
  - cell holds value for item-attribute pair
  - unique key (could be implicit)

attributes: name, age, shirt size, fave fruit

ID	Name	Age	Shirt Size	Favorite Fruit
1	Amy	8	S	Apple
2	Basil	7	S	Pear
3	Clara	9	M	Durian
4	Desmond	13	L	Elderberry
5	Ernest	12	L	Peach
6	Fanny	10	S	Lychee
7	George	9	M	Orange
8	Hector	8	L	Loquat
9	Ida	10	M	Pear
10	Amy	12	M	Orange

item: person

→ Tables



# Table

A	B	C	S	T	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/08
32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	0.79	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	0.72	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.6	7/18/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.65	7/18/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/07
66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08

# Table

item

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item

attribute

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Diagram illustrating table structure with annotations:

- item**: A red box highlighting the first column (Order ID).
- cell**: A red box highlighting a specific data point (e.g., 0.65 in the 6th row, 4th column).
- attribute**: A red box highlighting the 4th column (Product Container).

# Dataset types

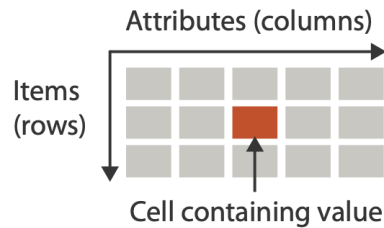
Tables

Items

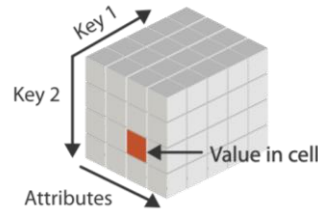
Attributes

- multidimensional tables
  - indexing based on multiple keys
  - eg genes, patients

→ Tables



→ Multidimensional Table



	A	B	C	D	E
1					
2	1	A	B	C	D
3	2	1	#1.2		
4	3	2			
5	4	3	G		
6	5	4	L	1500	529
7	6	5	Pi		
8	7	6	TI	GeneName	DESCRIPTION
9	8	7	H	LTF	LTF
10	9	8	Ri	POSTN	POSTN
11	10	9	S	TMSL8	TMSL8
12	11	10	D	HLA-DQA1	HLA-DQA1
13	12	11	A	RP11-35N6.1	RP11-35N6.1
14	13	12	I	STMN2	STMN2
15	14	13	S	DCX	DCX
16	15	14	M	AGXT2L1	AGXT2L1
17	16	15	C	IL13RA2	IL13RA2
18	17	16	N	SLN	SLN
19	18	17	F	MEOX2	MEOX2
20	19	18	C	COL11A1	COL11A1
21	20	19	M	NNMT	NNMT
22	21	20	Ti	F13A1	F13A1
22	22	21	Ki	CXCL14	CXCL14
22	22	22	G	MBP	MBP
				TF	TF
				KCND2	KCND2

# Dataset types

Tables

Items

Attributes

Networks &  
Trees

Items (nodes)

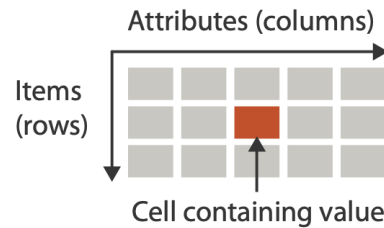
Links

Attributes

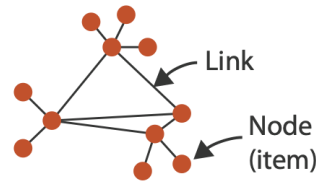
network/graph

- nodes (vertices) connected by links (edges)
- tree is special case: no cycles
- often have roots and are directed

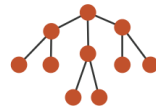
→ Tables



→ Networks

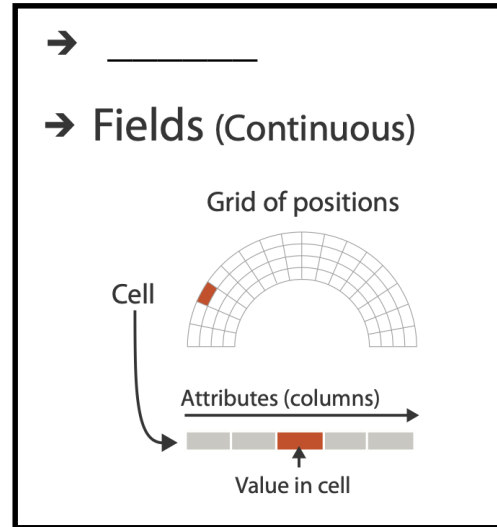
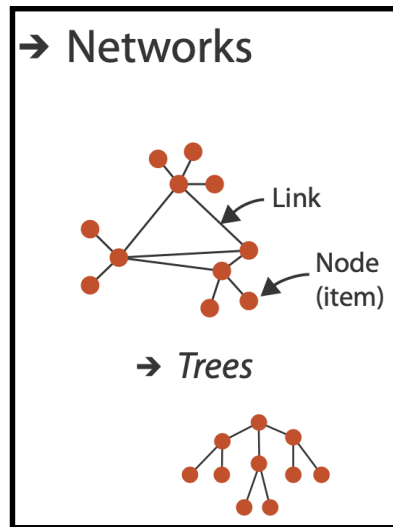
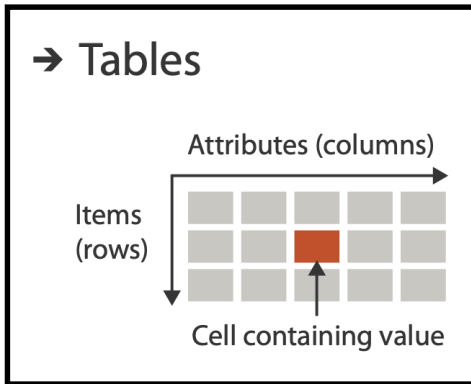


→ Trees



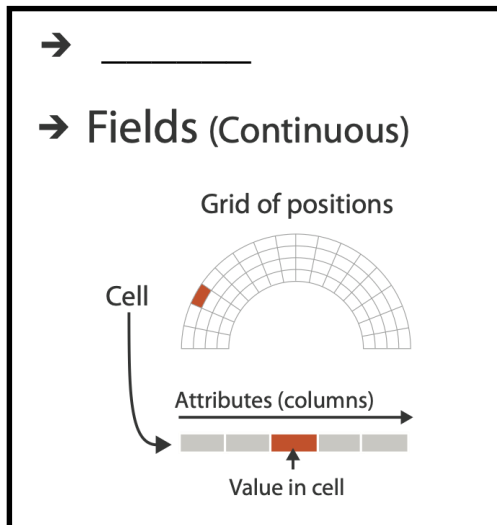
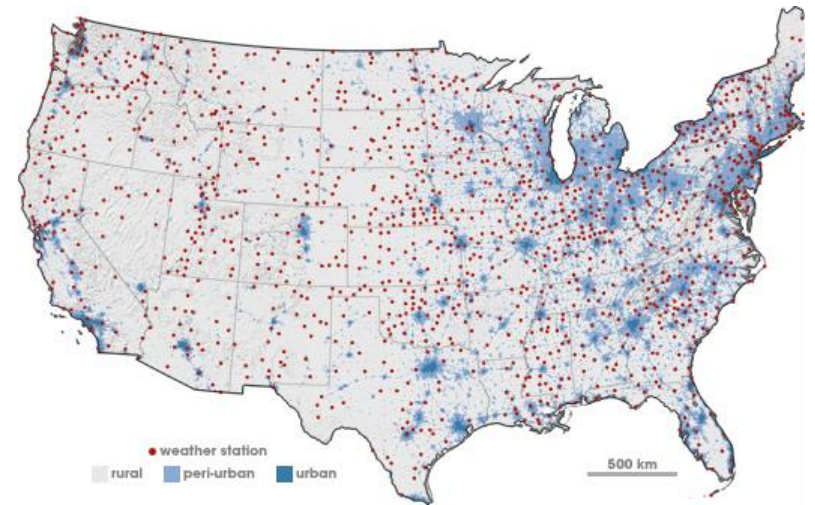
# Dataset types

Tables	Networks & Trees	Fields
Items	Items (nodes)	Grids
Attributes	Links	Positions
	Attributes	Attributes



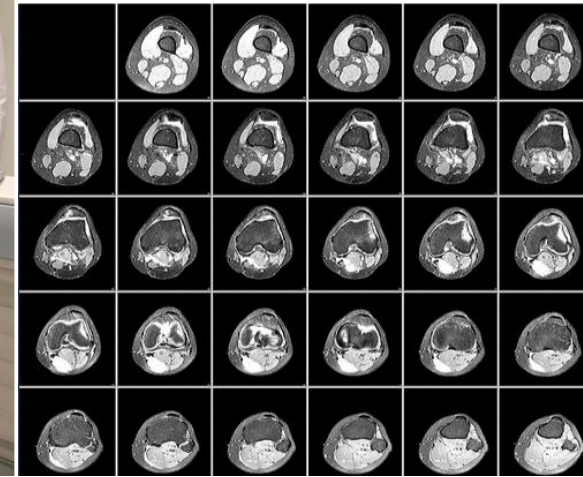
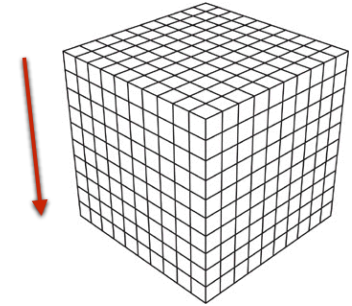
# Spatial fields

- attribute values associated w/ cells
- cell contains value from continuous domain
  - eg temperature, pressure, wind velocity
- measured or simulated



# Spatial fields

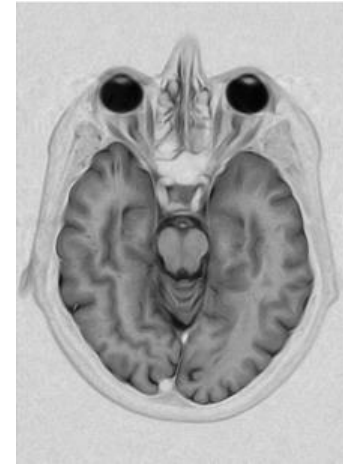
- attribute values associated w/ cells
- cell contains value from continuous domain
  - eg temperature, pressure, wind velocity
- measured or simulated
- major concerns
  - sampling:  
where attributes are measured
  - interpolation:  
how to model attributes elsewhere
  - grid types



# Spatial fields

- attribute values associated w/ cells
- cell contains value from continuous domain
  - eg temperature, pressure, wind velocity
- measured or simulated
- major concerns
  - sampling:  
where attributes are measured
  - interpolation:  
how to model attributes elsewhere
  - grid types
- major divisions
  - attributes per cell:  
scalar (1), vector (2), tensor (many)

scalar



vector



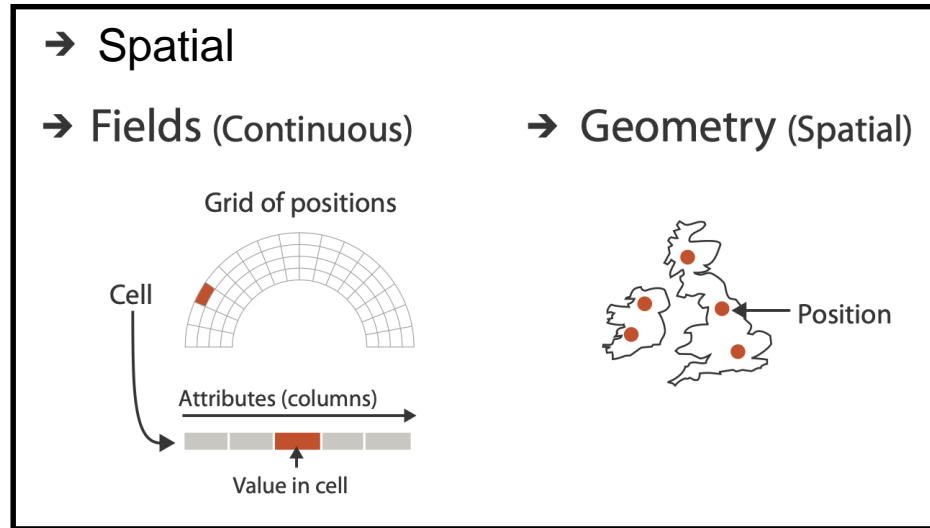
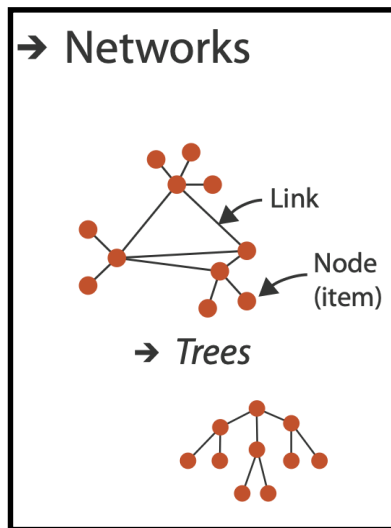
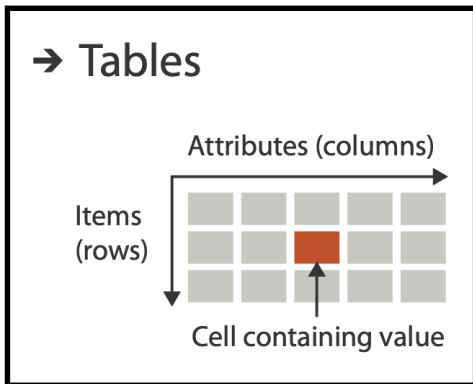
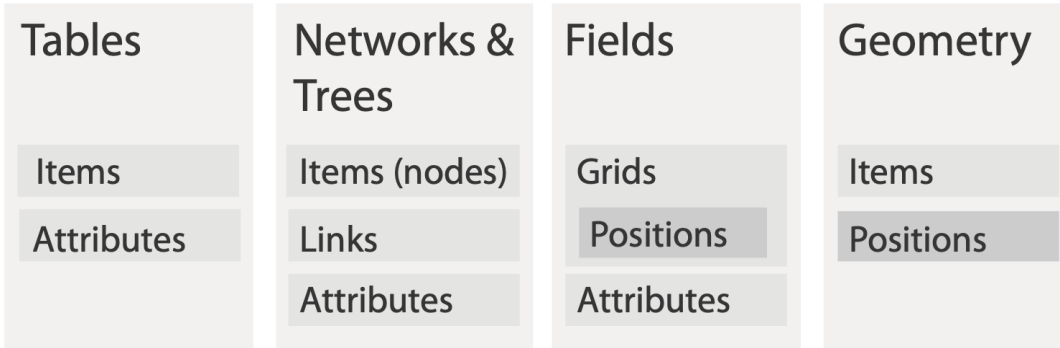
32

tensor



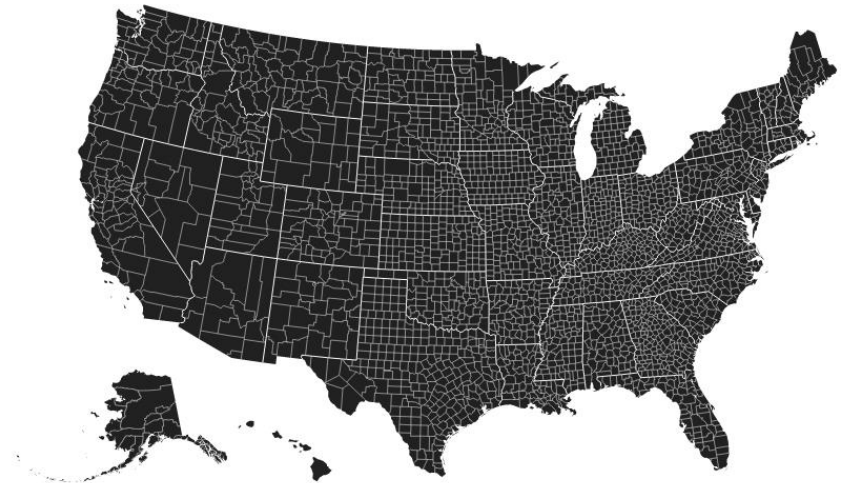


# Dataset types



# Geometry

- shape of items
- explicit spatial positions / regions
  - points, lines, curves, surfaces, volumes
- boundary between computer graphics and visualization
  - graphics: geometry taken as given
  - vis: geometry is result of a design decision



# Dataset types

Tables

Items

Attributes

Networks &  
Trees

Items (nodes)

Links

Attributes

Fields

Grids

Positions

Attributes

Geometry

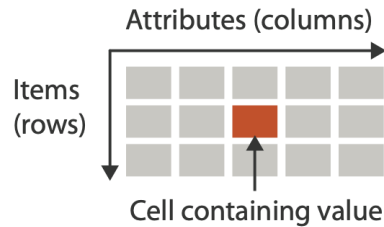
Items

Positions

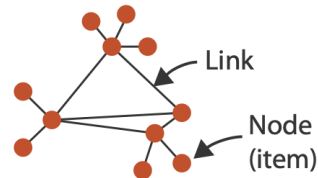
Clusters,  
Sets, Lists

Items

→ Tables



→ Networks

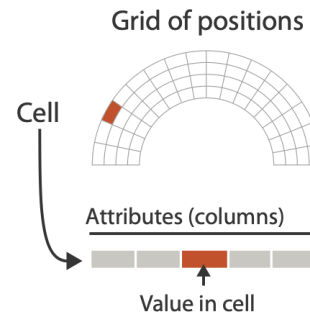


→ Trees



→ Spatial

→ Fields (Continuous)



→ Geometry (Spatial)

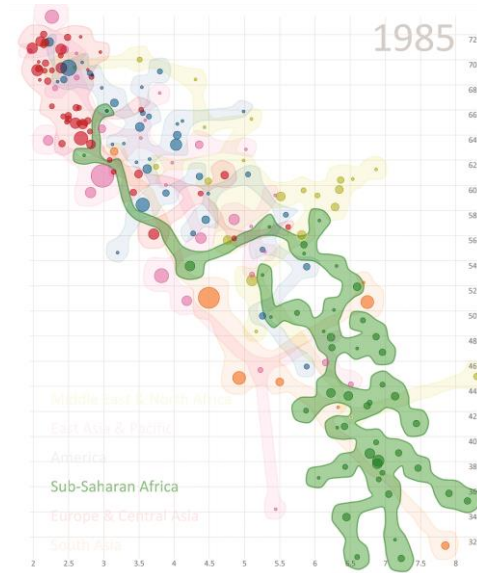


# Collections

- how we group items

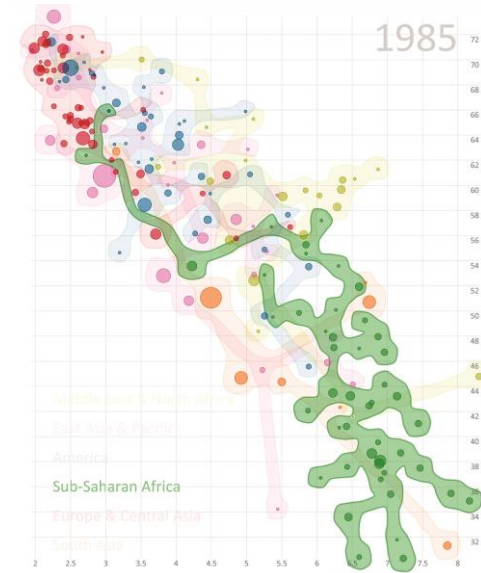
# Collections

- how we group items
- sets
  - unique items, unordered



# Collections

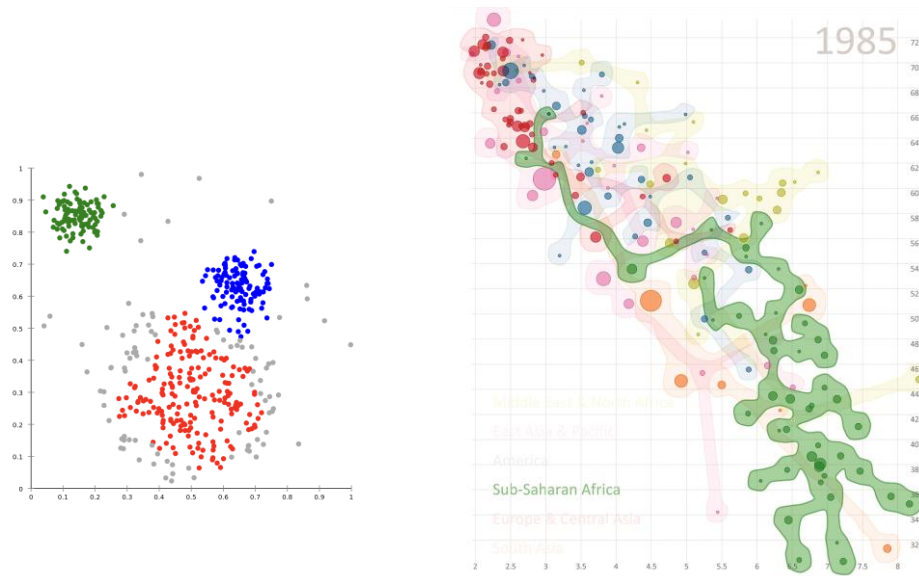
- how we group items
- sets
  - unique items, unordered
- lists
  - ordered, duplicates possible



Rank	School Name	Academic repu	E	Facult	Citatio	I	I
	Filter: <None>						
38	1. Massachusetts Inst						
	2. University of Camb						
	3. Harvard University	100 (1)			100 (1)		
	4. UCL (University Co						
	5. University of Oxfor						
	6. Imperial College L						
	7. Yale University						
	8. University of Chic						

# Collections

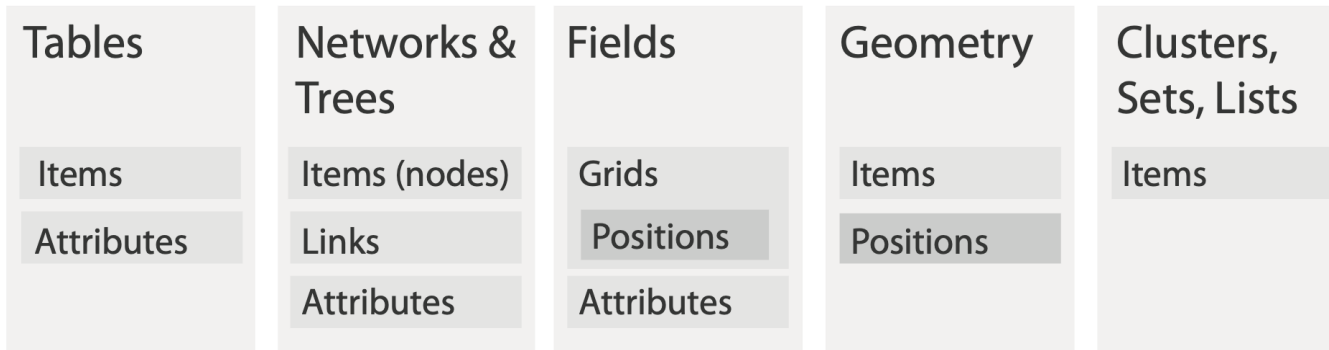
- how we group items
- sets
  - unique items, unordered
- lists
  - ordered, duplicates possible
- clusters
  - groups of similar items



Rank	School Name	Academic repu	E	Facult	Citatio	I	I
	Filter: <None>						
39	1. Massachusetts Inst						
	2. University of Camb						
	3. Harvard University	100 (1)			100 (1)		
	4. UCL (University Co						
	5. University of Oxfor						
	6. Imperial College L						
	7. Yale University						
	8. University of Chic						

# Dataset and data types

## → Data and Dataset Types



## → Data Types

→ Items    → Attributes    → Links    → Positions    → Grids



# Attribute types

- which classes of values & measurements?
- categorical (nominal)
  - compare equality
  - no implicit ordering
- ordered
  - ordinal
    - less/greater than defined
  - quantitative
    - meaningful magnitude
    - arithmetic possible

## ➔ Attribute Types

➔ Categorical

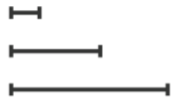


➔ Ordered

➔ *Ordinal*



➔ *Quantitative*



# Table

A	B	C	S	T	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/08
32	7/16/07	2-High	Small Pack	0.79	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Jumbo Box	0.72	7/17/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.6	7/18/07
32	7/16/07	2-High	Medium Box	0.65	7/18/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/07
66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08

categorical  
ordinal  
quantitative

A	B	C	S	T	U
Order ID	Order Date	Order Priority	Product Container	Product Base Margin	Ship Date
3	10/14/06	5-Low	Large Box	0.8	10/21/06
6	2/21/08	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.55	2/22/08
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35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.52	10/24/07
35	10/23/07	4-Not Specified	Small Box	0.58	10/25/07
36	11/3/07	1-Urgent	Small Box	0.55	11/3/07
65	3/18/07	1-Urgent	Small Pack	0.49	3/19/07
66	1/20/05	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.56	1/20/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.44	6/6/05
69	6/4/05	4-Not Specified	Wrap Bag	0.6	6/6/05
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Small Box	0.59	12/23/06
70	12/18/06	5-Low	Wrap Bag	0.82	12/23/06
96	4/17/05	2-High	Small Box	0.55	4/19/05
97	1/29/06	3-Medium	Small Box	0.38	1/30/06
129	11/19/08	5-Low	Small Box	0.37	11/28/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.37	5/9/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Medium Box	0.38	5/10/08
130	5/8/08	2-High	Small Box	0.6	5/11/08
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Medium Box	0.6	6/12/06
132	6/11/06	3-Medium	Jumbo Box	0.69	6/14/06
134	5/1/08	4-Not Specified	Large Box	0.82	5/3/08
135	10/21/07	4-Not Specified	Small Pack	0.64	10/23/07
166	9/12/07	2-High	Small Box	0.55	9/14/07
193	8/8/06	1-Urgent	Medium Box	0.57	8/10/06
194	4/5/08	3-Medium	Wrap Bag	0.42	4/7/08

# Other data concerns

## ➔ Attribute Types

➔ Categorical

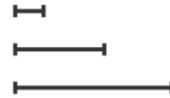


➔ Ordered

➔ Ordinal



➔ Quantitative



## ➔ Ordering Direction

➔ Sequential



➔ Diverging



➔ Cyclic



## ➔ Dataset Availability

➔ Static



➔ Dynamic



## Data abstraction: Three operations

- translate from domain-specific language to generic visualization language
- identify dataset type(s), attribute types
- identify cardinality
  - how many items in the dataset?
  - what is cardinality of each attribute?
    - number of levels for categorical data<sub>45</sub>
    - range for quantitative data
- consider whether to transform data
  - guided by understanding of task

# Data vs conceptual models

- data model
  - mathematical abstraction
    - sets with operations, eg floats with \* / - +
    - variable data types in programming languages
- conceptual model
  - mental construction (semantics)
  - supports reasoning
  - typically based on understanding of tasks
- data abstraction process relies on conceptual model
  - for transforming data if needed

# Data vs conceptual model, example

# Data vs conceptual model, example

- data model:

–32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...



## Data vs conceptual model, example

- data model:
  - 32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...
- conceptual model
  - temperature

## Data vs conceptual model, example

- data model:
  - 32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...
- conceptual model
  - temperature
- multiple possible data abstractions

## Data vs conceptual model, example

- data model:
  - 32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...
- conceptual model
  - temperature
- multiple possible data abstractions
  - continuous to 2 significant figures: quantitative
    - task: forecasting the weather

# Data vs conceptual model, example

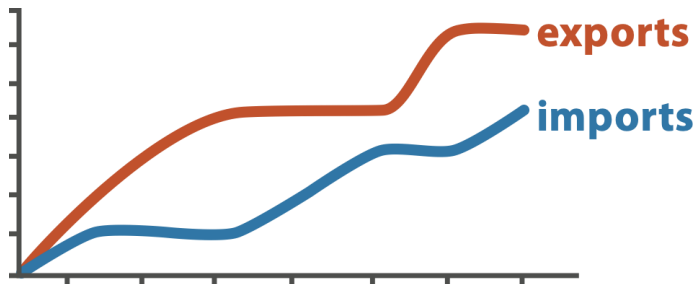
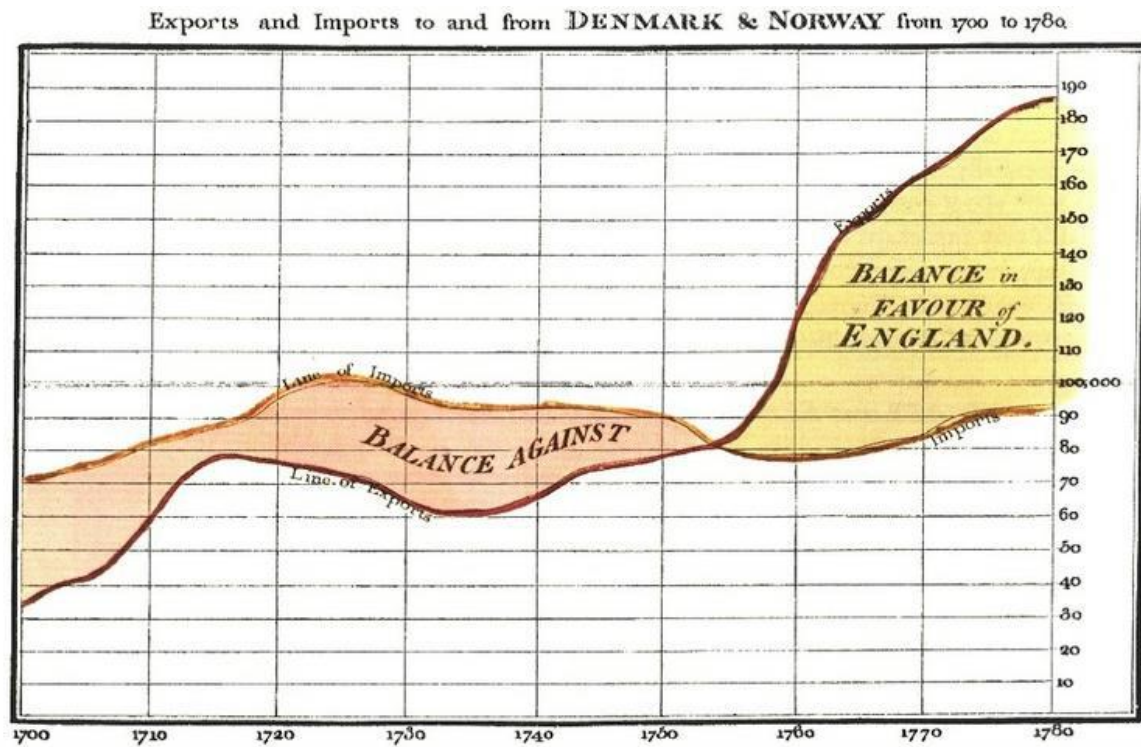
- data model:
  - 32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...
- conceptual model
  - temperature
- multiple possible data abstractions
  - continuous to 2 significant figures: quantitative
    - task: forecasting the weather
  - hot, warm, cold: ordinal
    - task: deciding if bath water is ready

# Data vs conceptual model, example

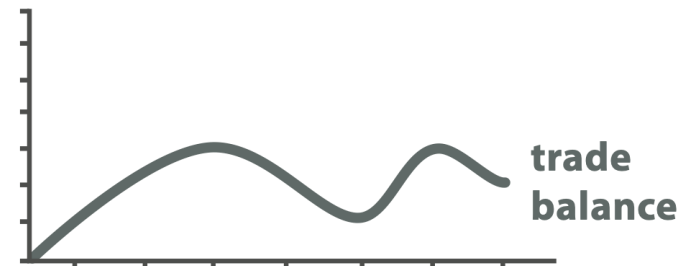
- data model:
  - 32.52, 54.06, -14.35, ...
- conceptual model
  - temperature
- multiple possible data abstractions
  - continuous to 2 significant figures: quantitative
    - task: forecasting the weather
  - hot, warm, cold: ordinal
    - task: deciding if bath water is ready
  - above freezing, below freezing: categorical
    - task: decide if I should leave the house today

# Derived attributes

- derived attribute: computed from originals
  - simple change of type
  - acquire additional data
  - complex transformation



Original Data

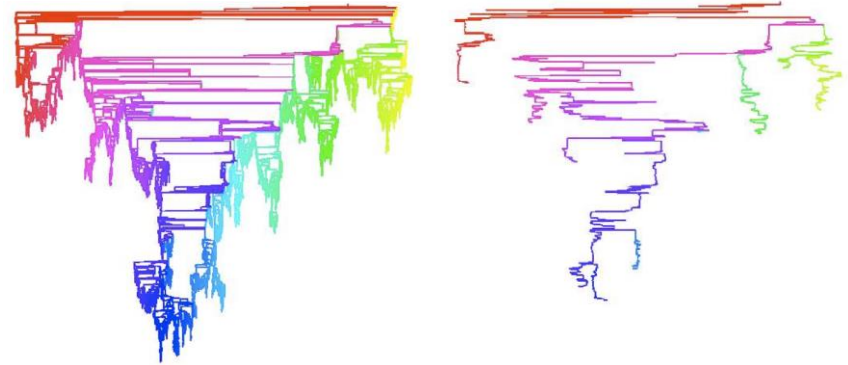


$$\text{trade balance} = \text{exports} - \text{imports}$$

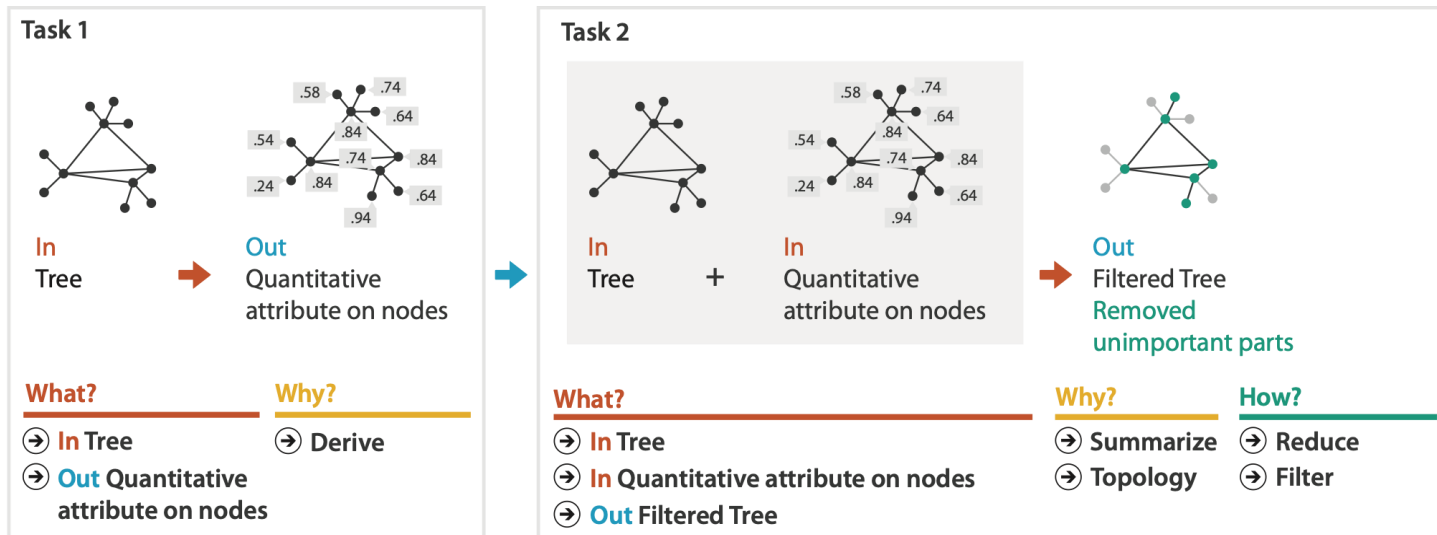
Derived Data

# Analysis example: Derive one attribute

- Strahler number
  - centrality metric for trees/networks
  - derived quantitative attribute
  - draw top 5K of 500K for good skeleton



[Using Strahler numbers for real time visual exploration of huge graphs. Auber. Proc. Intl. Conf. Computer Vision and Graphics, pp. 56–69, 2002.]



## Datasets

## Attributes

### → Data Types

- Items
- Attributes
- Links
- Positions
- Grids

### → Data and Dataset Types

Tables	Networks & Trees	Fields	Geometry	Clusters, Sets, Lists
Items	Items (nodes)	Grids	Items	Items
Attributes	Links	Positions	Positions	
	Attributes	Attributes		

### → Attribute Types

- Categorical
- 

### → Ordered

- Ordinal

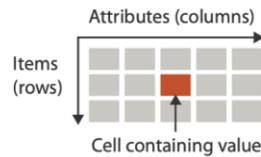


- Quantitative

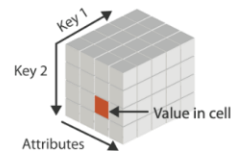


### → Dataset Types

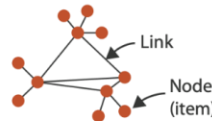
#### → Tables



#### → Multidimensional Table



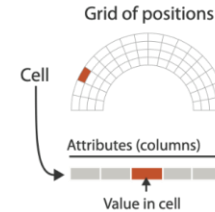
#### → Networks



#### → Trees



#### → Fields (Continuous)



### → Dataset Availability

- Static



- Dynamic



### → Ordering Direction

- Sequential



- Diverging



- Cyclic



#### → Geometry (Spatial)



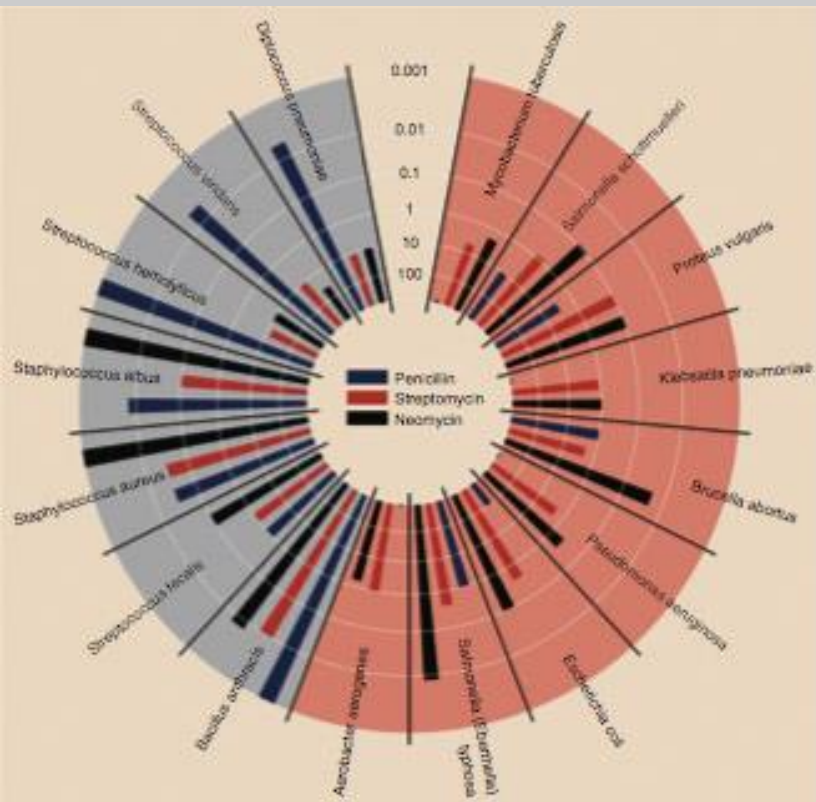
What?

Why?

How?



# Assignment 4 - Visualise Burtin's Antibiotic Dataset



Bacteria	Penicillin	Antibiotic Streptomycin	Neomycin	Gram stain
<i>Aerobacter aerogenes</i>	870	1	1.6	-
<i>Brucella abortus</i>	1	2	0.02	-
<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>	0.001	0.01	0.007	+
<i>Diplococcus pneumoniae</i>	0.005	11	10	+
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	100	0.4	0.1	-
<i>Klebsiella pneumoniae</i>	850	1.2	1	-
<i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>	800	5	2	-
<i>Proteus vulgaris</i>	3	0.1	0.1	-
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	850	2	0.4	-
<i>Salmonella (Eberthella) typhosa</i>	1	0.4	0.008	-
<i>Salmonella schottmuelleri</i>	10	0.8	0.09	-
<i>Staphylococcus albus</i>	0.007	0.1	0.001	+
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	0.03	0.03	0.001	+
<i>Streptococcus fecalis</i>	1	1	0.1	+
<i>Streptococcus hemolyticus</i>	0.001	14	10	+
<i>Streptococcus viridans</i>	0.005	10	40	+

- 3 antibiotics, penicillin, neomycin and streptomycin on 16 bacteria
- minimum concentration of the drug required to prevent the growth of the bacteria in vitro -- the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC)
- their efficacy varied over six orders of magnitude
- scale varies from 1,000 micrograms per milliliter on the innermost ring to .001 micrograms per milliliter on the outermost
- the longer the bar, the greater the efficacy of the antibiotic.

# Assignment 2 - Visualise Burtin's Antibiotic Dataset

---

- How do the drugs compare?
- How do the bacteria group together?

- What is produced in Nebraska?
- Where is corn produced?

